

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Quick Mender (A-Side)

VersaFlex / Raven Lining Systems 686 South Adams Street Kansas City, KS 66105

www.versaflex.com / www.ravenlining.com

Company Phone: (913) 321-9000 Company Toll Free: (800) 324-2810

CHEMTREC 24 hour Emergency USA: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC 24 hour International: (703) 527-3887

Product Use: Primer / Sealer / Coating / Lining Not recommended for: Non Professional Use

2. Hazards Identification

Signal Word: Danger







GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	3	Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F).
Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Gases>2500+<=5000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l, Dusts&mists>1+<=5mg/l
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation.
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days.
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer.
Mutagen	1B	Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cells Subcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity.
Carcinogen	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity.
Reproductive toxin	1B	Presumed, Based on experimental animals.
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.

GHS Hazards

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H340 May cause genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. **GHS Precautions** P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/.../equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see Section 4 of the SDS). P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P363 P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing.

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water for or fine spray for extinction.

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container according to Section 13 of the SDS.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
2,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	5873-54-1	15 - 40%
4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	15 - 40%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	10 - 30%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	7 - 13%
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2%

SDS for: Quick Mender (A-Side)

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air if effects occur. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Consult a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Skin Contact: Wash immediately and thoroughly with soap and flowing water. Remove contaminated clothing while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. An MDI skin decontamination study demonstrated that cleaning very soon after exposure is important, and that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Notes to Physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. If you are sensitized to diisocyanates, consult your physician regarding working with other respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Cholinesterase inhibition has been noted in human exposure but is not of benefit in determining exposure and is not correlated with signs of exposure. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: >54 C (>130 F)

Flammable Properties: Product is considered a fire hazard, and will burn if ignited. NFPA Flammability Class II. The definition and classification of flammable and combustible liquids are addressed in NFPA 30. A flammable liquid is defined as a liquid whose flash point is < 100 deg F (38 deg C), while a combustible liquid is one whose flash point is \geq 100 deg F. These groups are further classified into the following NFPA Flammability Classes:

Class IA liquids are flammable liquids that have a flash point < 73 deg F (23 deg C) and boiling point < 100 deg F.

Class IB liquids are flammable liquids that have a flash point < 73 deg F and a boiling point > 100 deg F.

Class IC liquids are flammable liquids that have a flash point > 73 deg F, but < 100 deg F.

Class II liquids are combustible liquids that have a flash point > 100 deg F, but < 140 deg F (60 deg C).

Class IIIA liquids are combustible liquids that have a flash point > 140 deg F, but < 200 deg F (93 deg C).

Class IIIB liquids are combustible liquids that have a flash point > 200 deg F.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog or fine spray. Alcohol resistant foams are preferred, general purpose synthetic foams or protein foams may function, but will not be as effective. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use direct water stream, as it may spread fire.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Product reacts with water. Reaction may produce heat and/or gases. This reaction may be violent. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Products of Combustion: Thermal decomposition in the presence of air may yield carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phenolics, ammonia, nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, hydrogen cyanide and other unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.

Fire Fighting: Stay upwind and keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Water is not recommended, but may be applied in large quantities as a fine spray when other extinguishing agents are not available. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and fire-affected zone until fire is out. Contain fire water run-off if possible, as it may cause environmental damage. Review section 6 and section 12 of this SDS.

Protection of Firefighters: Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and approved protective clothing (helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves). If contact is likely, use full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with SCBA.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental Precautions: Prevent spilled material from contact with soil, drains and sewers.

Methods for Containment: Contain by diking with sand, earth or other suitable material.

Methods for Clean-up: Absorb spill with an inert material, use non-sparking tools to place into labeled waste container for disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. May cause allergic skin reaction, persons with a history of skin sensitization should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not handle or store near flame, heat or strong oxidants. Keep away from sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces.

Storage: Store original unopened containers in a sheltered area between 60°F and 80°F (15°C and 27°C) at atmospheric pressure. Do not store in direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
2,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 5873-54-1	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 101-68-8	Not Established	0.005 ppm TWA (listed under Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI))	NIOSH: 0.005 ppm TWA (listed under Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate); 0.05 mg/m3 TWA 0.020 ppm Ceiling (10 min); 0.2 mg/m3 Ceiling (10 min)
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	Not Established	Not Established	NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA
Xylene 1330-20-7	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	Not Established

Engineering Controls: General mechanical ventilation is sufficient for most conditions. Control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines, if established.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

General Hygiene Considerations: Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking.

Eye/face Protection: Use chemical safety glasses, splash-proof eye goggles or goggles with full faceshield.

Skin Protection: Use neoprene, nitrile/butadiene rubber or other impermeable chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin irritation. If potential for skin contact is present, wear impervious, long-sleeved, body covering clothing and rubber boots. Respiratory Protection: If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure limits, respiratory irritation is experienced, or during spray application, use a properly fitted MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator fitted with organic vapor cartridges and particulate pre-filters. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. For situations where the atmospheric levels may exceed the level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use an approved positive-pressure air-supplying respirator (air line or self-contained breathing apparatus). If sanding or grinding on cured material, use above respirator fitted with HEPA filters or a dust mask.

Contaminated Gear: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear to pale yellow

Odor Threshold No data found

pH No data found

Boiling Point 138°C

Flash Point 130°F, 54°C

Flammability (solid, gas) No data found

Vapor Pressure No data found

Specific Gravity 1.0 - 1.1

Partition Coefficient No data found

(n-octanol/water)

Decomposition Temperature No data found

Lbs VOC/Gallon Less Water 3.3

Odor Mild

Physical State Liquid

Melting/Freezing Point No data found

Boiling Range No data found

Evaporation Rate No data found

LEL/UEL No data found

Vapor Density No data found

Solubility in Water No data found

Autoignition Temperature No data found

Viscosity No data found

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions (see Section 7).

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 450 deg F (230 deg C), potential violent decomposition may occur. Avoid contact with water, as material reacts with water, releasing carbon dioxide which can cause rapid pressure buildup and rupture of closed containers. Elevated temperatures accelerate this reaction.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, bases, or oxidizing agents. Avoid unintended contact with amines, alcohols, water, moist air and metals such as aluminum, brass, copper, tin, zinc and galvanized metals.

Products of Combustion: Thermal decomposition in the presence of air may yield carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phenolics, ammonia, nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, hydrogen cyanide and other unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 4mg/L

Component Toxicity

101-68-8 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)

Inhalation LC50: 0 mg/L (Rat)

1330-20-7 **Xylene**

Oral LD50: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 4,350 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 29 mg/L (Rat

Likely Routes of Exposure:

No data found

Target Organs

May cause damage to the following organs:

Central Nervous System Blood Eyes Skin Respiratory System

Effects of Overexposure

Carcinogenicity: Rats have been exposed for their lifetime to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/polymeric MDI which resulted in chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumor of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumor (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumors at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3. Overall, the tumor incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumors were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumors is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory irritation and lung injury. In the absence of

prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumor formation will occur. Current exposure guidelines (see section 8) are expected to protect against these effects reported for MDI.

CAS Number	<u>Description</u>	% Weight	Carcinogen Rating
64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	10 - 30%	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic: EU REACH: Present (P)
101-68-8	4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	15 - 40%	4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI):
5873-54-1	2,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	15 - 40%	2,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI):

12. Ecological Information

Component Ecotoxicity

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 9.22 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.19 - 8.28 mg/L [flow-through]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L

Xylene 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 19 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 780 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: >780 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L

[static]

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Methods: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. The preferred method for disposal of uncontaminated product is by recycling, reclaiming, incineration or other thermal destruction device using a licensed and permitted waste disposal contractor.

14. Transport Information

<u>Agency</u>	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
DOT	Combustible liquids, n.o.s. (solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic)	NA1993	III	3
Recl	assified in accordance with 49 CFR 173.150(f) sin	ce the flash poin	t is above 38C (100)F)
ICAO/IATA	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic)	UN1993	III	3
IMDG	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic)	UN1993	III	3
TDG	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic)	UN1993	III	3

15. Regulatory Information

USA Federal: This SDS has been prepared in compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under that standard. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of any proprietary ingredient(s) may be withheld as a trade secret, pursuant to the standard.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental or reproductive toxicity at levels which require warning under this statute:

- None

USA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) - section 103 Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantities (RQs): To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals which are listed in 40 CFR 302.4:

```
1330-20-7 Xylene 1 to 2 % 101-68-8 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 15 to 40 %
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Massachusetts Right to Know: To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute:

```
1330-20-7 Xylene 1 to 2 %
95-63-6 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 7 to 13 %
101-68-8 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 15 to 40 %
```

New Jersey Right to Know: To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute:

```
1330-20-7 Xylene 1 to 2 %
95-63-6 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 7 to 13 %
```

Pennsylvania Right to Know: To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute:

```
1330-20-7 Xylene 1 to 2 %
95-63-6 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 7 to 13 %
101-68-8 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 15 to 40 %
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USA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (40 CFR 261): To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute:

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1330-20-7 Xylene 1 to 2 %
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USA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) - section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) Form R: To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals which are listed in 40 CFR 372.65:

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101-68-8 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 15 to 40 %
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USA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) - section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute:

- None

USA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - section 12(b): To the best of our knowledge, this product contains the following chemicals above the de minimus concentration(s) which requires notification to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) per 40 CFR 707, subpart D, if any person intends to export:

- None

Country Regulation	All Components Listed
Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada Domestic Substance List	Yes
Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	Yes
EU EU REACH List of Registered Intermediates	No
EU EU REACH List of Pre-Registered Substances	Yes
EU EU REACH List of Registered Substances	Yes
Japan Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances List N	No
South Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory	Yes
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical	Yes
USA TSCA Inventory list section 8(b)	Yes

16. Other Information

Legend

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.

ADR/RID European Agreement for transport of dangerous goods by road (ADR) and by rail (RID)

CAS No. Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, AKA "Superfund"

DOT Department of Transportation (USA)

HCS OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association IATA **ICAO** International Civil Aviation Organization IMO International Maritime Organization **IMDG** International Maritime Dangerous Goods **MSHA** Mine Safety and Health Administration

Not Applicable N.A. Not Determined N.D. Not Established N.E.

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NIOSH

National Toxicology Program NTP

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) **OSHA**

Permissible Exposure Limit PEL

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (40 CFR) STEL Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minute Time Weighted Average)

Canada Transport of Dangerous Goods regulations TDG

TLV Threshold Limit Value **TWA** Time Weighted Average

WHMIS Canada Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

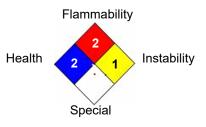


HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard

0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT

2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH



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Date Prepared: 5/1/2019

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